

THE NEWSCAST

IOM: ABOUT 300,000 SUDANESE ARRIVED IN EGYPT AFTER THE CRISIS

The head of mission of the International Organization for Migration (IOM) in Cairo, Carlos Oliver, confirmed that the number of migrants is estimated at 281 million people worldwide; According to 2020 estimates, Oliver said in a statement to the Middle East News Agency (MENA) today, Tuesday, on the sidelines of the regional conference to share experiences and best practices in dealing with illegal migration and providing assistance to smuggled migrants, especially unaccompanied and separated children, which is currently taking place in the Red Sea, that there is close cooperation between the organization and the Egyptian government, and that the organization of the regional conference is continuing its work; He added that the conference is organized by the International Organization for Migration in Cairo and Algiers, in cooperation with the National Coordinating Committee to Combat Illegal Migration and Human Trafficking, with the participation of many countries from North, Central and South Africa, the Gulf and Europe; to create a platform for sharing experiences and best practices by States to combat the smuggling of migrants and to protect and provide psychosocial support to migrant



FOUR TUNISIANS ARRESTED AFTER ATTEMPTING TO STEAL BOAT ENGINE AND MIGRANTS' MONEY

"Every year, thousands of Tunisians and sub-Saharan migrants venture in search of a better life in Europe, which is a matter of concern to European countries, led by Italy, which have arrested four people suspected of attempting to carry out a maritime piracy operation by taking down an engine and stealing the money of illegal migrants at sea."

"Last Saturday, the Marine Guards at Monastir province arrested four people after a video of people trying to seize the engine of a boat carrying illegal Tunisian migrants at sea and steal their money was circulated on TikTok," Monastir court spokesman Farid Ben Jeha told Agence France Presse. The spokesman said that a rubber boat, a motor and a quantity of fuel were seized at their residence, adding that the charges against them were "forming a gang with the intention of attacking people and property." The recent spread of videos showing Tunisian migrants talking about "piracy operations" against boats by people they accused of wanting to help them. In a similar incident, the Italian judiciary decided at the end of July and mid-August to arrest two illegal immigrants, arresting them in two separate incidents.



41 IRREGULAR MIGRANTS SEIZED SOUTH OF NESSMA



"According to the Special Missions Department of the Ministry of Interior in the Government of National Unity, it has seized 41 illegal immigrants of African nationalities in Wadi Marsetta, south of Nessma, according to the department, the migrants hail from the countries of Sudan, Niger, Ethiopia and Eritrea." "On Thursday, the Ajdabiya Security Directorate announced the deportation of 429 irregular migrants of various nationalities from the city of Ajdabiya to the Department for Combating Illegal Migration in Tripoli."

Tunisia raid on illegal migrant boat workshop

Within the framework of the fight against irregular migration in Tunisia, the detection of a workshop for making death boats, units of the National Guard region in Jabiniana in the province of Sfax were able to seize a number of iron boats, iron poles, welding equipment and a light truck. According to the official page of the General Directorate of the National Guard, following information that a group of people living in Amra intended to set up workshops for making ferrous boats to be used in stealthy crossings of the maritime borders, 3 houses located in the region were raided, where they were found. The public prosecutor's office reviewed the legal procedures in regard to house owners, and according to information obtained from this workshop, high-quality boats were manufactured, most of which are sinking at sea, and the owner of the workshop supported a large number of illegal operations in the city of Haga, which is a way "According to the UN Refugee Agency (UNHCR), most of the migrants set off from Tunisia, while the rest set off from Libya at the beginning of the year - some 90,000 migrants - for Italy."



MIGRATION THROUGH TURKEY: A BUMPY PATH CONTINUES TO ATTRACT MOROCCANS DREAMING OF A EUROPEAN PARADISE

With the Moroccan authorities facing a heavy crackdown on irregular migration through the northern coasts close to Spain, those dreaming of reaching the "European paradise" are taking long and dangerous paths to achieve their desired goal. The path that has become more tempting for Moroccan youth to reach Europe passes through Turkey, which is a temporary transit point in the long and arduous journey to the Western European countries, passing through a number of Eastern European countries, and Turkey has become a favorite destination for those wishing to migrate from the Maghreb, as they have begun heading there in waves hoping to reach the other shore. Meanwhile, migration and human trafficking networks are taking advantage of their large numbers to accumulate profits and wealth. Mustafa Karji, a young man in the near the north, is one of thousands of irregular Moroccans who made the journey to Turkey, through Turkey, and Turkey, where they are in contact, "From Istanbul, we went with a human smuggling network, then we went to Greece and from there to Serbia, before we reached Macedonia," the spokesman said, adding that he still remembers the details of the "terrifying" journey that lasted for many weeks. He called on young people who wanted to migrate on this route "not to take risks," stressing that the journey that cost him "about 20,000 dirhams" was full of dangers, and that he had heard of many incidents in which many Moroccans and Arab Arabs had died in Europe, and that many of them had been living in Morocco, and had found many more Moroccan villages in northern Turkey We are fighting for the sake of immigration and to join our friends who are fortunate enough to reach Europe," he said



TUNISIA: CRACKDOWN ON MIGRANT BOAT THIEVES CONTINUES

The phenomenon of piracy of migrant boats originating especially from the coast of Tunisia has been ongoing, in conjunction with the efforts of the Tunisian and Italian authorities to stop and hold those involved accountable. Officials indicated that the pirate networks might be linked to smuggling networks, but no final word confirmed this, the Tunisian police arrested four Tunisians, including a fisherman, on suspicion of involvement in acts of sea piracy, after they confiscated the engine of a boat and the money of immigrants on board, who set off from Tunisia towards Italy, according to AFP: In details, the Tunisian National Guard arrested the four men in the coastal town of Talba in the eastern province of Monastir, on Saturday 24 August, after "



the circulation of a video on a Tik Tok platform, stealing a boat," according to the spokesman of the men, who pointed out to the official, and pointed to the arrest of the official, in the official position of the official, who said that the arrest of the official in that the official in the formation of the man. A gang for the purpose of attacking people and property." The first recorded testimony announcing the theft of a boat engine was on March 26, after the discovery of a 7-meter-long ship carrying 42 people, most of whom said that members of the crew of a Tunisian fishing boat had boarded their boat and stolen their engine. Testimonies of migrants continued to be received, confirming the continuation of this, and on the instructions of the General Prosecutor's Office in Agrigento, southern Italy, were arrested in mid-August, after they attacked a boat carrying 49 migrants. The Public Prosecutor, Salvatore Villa, confirmed the awareness of the Italian authorities regarding the presence of motorists, adding that "we have noticed that half the number of migrant boats arriving from Tunisia, were unmanned, unmanned, unmanned, and equipped with money.

REPORTAGE: TUNISIANS OFFER A HELPING HAND TO STRANDED SUDANESE MIGRANTS



About 100 Sudanese migrants have recently found refuge in a residential building under construction in the city of Zarzis in southern Tunisia. Ali, a resident, allows them to sleep there and other citizens provide voluntary assistance. Some stay in this building for a few days before leaving, while Ali tries to arrange the place as much as he can. Despite this help, the situation of these migrants remains precarious and precarious and they don't know where they are going, and they ask the UNHCR to find a solution for them. Report: Lilia Belize, Soir Sowaihi and Hamdi Tlili

Lack of medication and medical care in Chad worsens refugee pain in Sudan

Hundreds of thousands of Sudanese have fled the war in their country for Chad, where they found safety in shaky huts in desert areas, but now face the equally difficult challenge of finding medical care and medicines to survive. In the eastern Chad border town of Adré, 108-year-old Muammar Adam Musa Bacht, who says he is 108 years old, complains of difficulty in finding the medical treatment he needs. "I have diabetes and asthma... I have (so far) found only a palliative shot," he told AFP. Since 15 April, a bloody conflict between the army led by Abdel Fatah al-Barhan and the Rapid Support Forces led by Mohammed Hamdqlu has killed 5,000 people and displaced 4,00,000 others inside the country, or 100. "Many of them had to walk long distances and risk crossing the border to reach safety, but now face the daily challenge of providing basic necessities of life in the absence of sanitation facilities and limited medical care to field clinics."



EU COURT : ITALY FOUND GUILTY OF ABUSE OF MIGRANT MINORS

The European Court of Human Rights has found Italy guilty of "inhumane treatment" of an unaccompanied migrant minor after being held for nearly eight months in an adult reception center. The European Court of Human Rights, based in Strasbourg, France, has convicted an unaccompanied migrant minor, presumed victim of sexual assault, of "inhumane treatment" of an unaccompanied migrant worker who was detained for nearly eight months in a reception center for adult migrants where conditions were inadequate to provide adequate psychological support. Italy was sentenced for "long-standing failure of the authorities to address the girl's situation and needs, as a minor and at risk". The European Court of Human Rights has ruled that the next Italian state should pay for a total of €400,000, as compensation to the girl. In the case in Strasbourg in September 2017, the plaintiff is a Ghanaian citizen born on 16 November 1999, who arrived in the southern Italian city of Reggio Calabria on a boat on 22 October 2016. The Italian authorities were aware of the precarious situation of the Ghanaian migrant. Five days after her arrival in Reggio Calabria, the girl was transferred to a juvenile hosting facility, the Chirso Santa Delle Angelli Institute in the town of Banyara Calabria. But a few months later, on 16 February 2017, the teenager and the Comordia arrived in Lombarca, where she was placed in the center of Calabria.



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GERMANY TO DEPLOY MORE POLICE AT BORDER TO FIGHT MIGRANT SMUGGLING

The Minister of the Interior of the State of Saxony, Armin Schuster, said that the police officers of the State of Saxony were working alongside the German Federal Police to stop the smuggling of migrants. Schuster explained that the State of Saxony had seen a significant increase in cross-border crime, confirming that migrants with children were abandoned at midnight by smugglers. Moreover, the Minister noted that the riot police and the Saxon Border Police were expected to carry out more controls, especially in the next three months. Earlier this year, Chancellor Olaf Schulz unveiled plans to tighten border controls, urging EU partners to build centers across the bloc to apply more stringently to the border, with the German police arriving in



Austria, as more stringently as police officers from the country have decided to apply the border. In May this year, German Interior Minister Nancy Fizer met with her Polish counterpart, Marius Kaminski, to discuss tighter border controls. During a visit to the Polish border town of Soyko, Wieser said she wanted to see stronger immigration controls at the German-Polish border. According to her, stricter controls will also be applied to trains and air traffic, and the authorities in Poland are also dealing with a large number of migrants arriving from Belarus. Last month, the country's leaders agreed to send a total of 500 police, 5,000 border guards and 2,000 troops, to the country's eastern border. In addition, Polish authorities warned that they might close their shared border with Belarus completely in the event of an incident.

BELGIUM DECLARES NEW ASYLUM RULE. NO "BACHELORS"



The Belgian Minister of State for Asylum and Immigration, Nicole de Moore, said that the places should be reserved exclusively for families with children. At the beginning of the year, about 3000 people were seeking shelter without a home in Belgium, so the Belgian State will not be able to accommodate male asylum seekers who are currently not married. The Minister said: She wants to anticipate an increasing influx of families and children in order to avoid the end of the matter with children on the streets in winter, where the number of asylum applications rose sharply recently. According to VRT News, the Refugee Organization in Flanders criticized the fact that this step violates the law and suffers an estimated 15 million people living in the country, according to an estimate of 15 million inhabitants "Responsible authority, about 3,000 people were seeking shelter without shelter in Belgium.

Illegal Migration: Europe's Biggest Crisis. 2023 worst year for the continent with highest number of immigrants... Italy most affected despite 6-month emergency declaration. Spain receives 21,000 immigrants, fears of terrorists in France

The European Union has the highest number of arrivals of illegal immigrants since 2015, which puts great pressure on reception services. Italy was the most affected by the crisis, as of last August 23, 105,909 immigrants arrived to Italy by sea, according to the Italian Ministry of the Interior, compared to 51,328 in the same period last year. Since the beginning of the year, more than 12,000 unaccompanied minors arrived to Italy, according to the Italian newspaper "The Journal." The Italian government had declared a state of emergency in Spain for the past six months, while the number of illegal immigrants arrived in Spain. Charges by sea in unstable boats increased slightly in July and August, reaching 21,780 so far this year, according to official data.



NEW RECORD FOR CHANNEL MIGRATION: 872 MIGRANTS ARRIVE IN UK IN ONE DAY

That figure represents the highest recorded number of crossings in a single day this year. The British authorities announced yesterday, Sunday, September 3rd, that the number of migrants who crossed the Channel on small boats to reach the Kingdom reached a record level last Saturday. 872 migrants crossed the dangerous sea corridor, on 15 boats, surpassing the highest level recorded in 24 hours this year, which is 756 people on August 10th. This brings the total number who have reached the shores of the United Kingdom since the beginning of this year to more than 21,000, stopping the immigrants' boats as a priority. Despite these numbers are still lower than those of the United Kingdom, but they still represent a major challenge to the Government last year London promised to tighten border controls after the country's exit from the EU, while Prime Minister Rishi Sunak made "stopping migrant boats" a key priority for his government. The Conservative government called the route through the English Channel "illegal", passed legislation preventing asylum applications from anyone arriving in the country without prior permission. The government also plans to send migrants to Rwanda for processing and resettling there. Both decisions remain on hold, however, and more than 100,000 migrants have crossed the channel on small boats from France to the southeast of the UK since Britain began registering their arrival publicly in 2018. This has strained Britain's asylum system, with a backlog of more than 17,000 asylum applications awaiting the initial decision in June, including.



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UK: THREE-YEAR JAIL SENTENCE FOR EGYPTIAN WHO FILMED HIMSELF DRIVING MIGRANT BOAT

A British court last Friday convicted a young Egyptian on charges of facilitating illegal immigration, and found photos of him self-taking showing him driving a boat loaded with dozens of immigrants, starting from the coast of northern France. An Egyptian young man faces three years and two months in prison, after a court in the South of the United Kingdom convicted him on Friday September 1st for smuggling immigrants about a year ago, and trying to enter the country illegally. The British Ministry of the Interior said that the young man is 25 years old, and taking pictures (Sylvie) while he was driving the boat sailing from the coast of northern France, where boats loaded with immigrants reach the United Kingdom. The Court of Salisbury Crown in the United



Kingdom issued the sentence last July, following the arrest of the young man, "on a dangerous boat," and the possibility of confiscating his phone, and confiscating migrants during an investigation, In a statement, she said that she had found messages on his phone "about trying to reach the UK illegally," along with other personal photos he had taken while driving the overcrowded 50-migrant boat. Under controversial legislation recently passed by the government, immigration officers have new powers to search and confiscate electronic devices of anyone trying to enter the UK illegally. Immigration minister Robert Jenrick said that the young Egyptian "brazenly tried to violate our laws and was rightly brought to justice."

ITALIAN PM: WE WILL DISCUSS MIGRATION WITH NORTH AFRICAN COUNTRIES



Italian Prime Minister Giorgia Meloni said that she is carrying out international visits and contacts to address the issue of migration, stressing that the only way to address the problem structurally is to discuss it with the countries of North Africa. According to the Italian news agency AKI, in an interview with the newspaper Il Soli 24 Uri, the head of government reiterated the need to "engage Europe as a whole, and there is a change in the pace because the European Union is today discussing how to combat illegal migration to Europe, first via the Mediterranean routes, and then how to distribute migrants," while "in the past years, this latter part was only discussed

UN committee to eradicate racism warns of increase in 'hate speech' in Italy

The UN Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination (CERD), in its latest report, warned of increasing levels of hate speech against immigrants and minorities in Italy, including in the fields of politics and sports. The UN Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination (CERD) expressed alarm at the use of hate speech and racist political speech against ethnic minorities, especially Roma, Africans and others of African descent, in the media, the Internet and the UN concern about racism in sport. The UN Committee issued a statement in Geneva last Thursday, after periodically reviewing the commitment of the governments of UN Member States to the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination. In its report, the Committee expressed concern about racism in sports fields. The CERD experts, who met with the Italian delegation in early August urged Italy to effectively apply racist hate speech to Racial Hate speech to Discrimination and ensure that Italy is effectively investigated, and that racist hate speech is motivated hate crimes are committed



MÉDECINS SANS FRONTIÈRES ANNOUNCES SUSPENSION OF SUPPORT FOR MIGRANTS IN DETENTION CENTERS

Last Thursday, Médecins Sans Frontières (MSF) announced that it was halting its medical activities in the Libyan capital, Tripoli, including migrant detention centers, while saying it would continue to provide care in Misrata and Zuwara. Regretting the "difficult" decision, citing administrative difficulties and obstacles to access, IOM said that after nearly seven years of support, MSF decided to end its work in the Libyan capital, Tripoli, and thus will no longer provide medical care to hundreds of migrants trapped in detention centers under deteriorating living conditions. Federica Franco, MSF's head of mission in the Netherlands around Libya, told Muhajirnews that teams face "persistent problems in accessing detention centers in Tripoli," as well as "administrative difficulties affecting detainees there, including essential medical care," since 2101 The organization will also stop supporting the National Tuberculosis Program in Tripoli and the Abu Setta Hospital for thoracic diseases and chest surgery at the end of this year. It will continue its activities in Misrata and Zuwara, providing "basic health care, mental health consultations, and sexual and reproductive health care in public health facilities, detention centers, prisons, and urban areas." Federica Franco explained that the "difficult" decision came "despite numerous negotiations with the competent authorities to respect our working conditions in prisons, including the possibility of conducting medical triage inside cells." She added that "our mission in the centers is driven by humanitarian necessities and the alleviation of human lives, but the main condition for the implementation of our work is without hindrances.



CORPSES PILED UP IN TUNISIA'S GABES OF MIGRANTS WHO DIED WHILE TRYING TO CROSS THE MEDITERRANEAN

The corpses of 54 migrants have piled up since June in the morgue of Gabes hospital in southeastern Tunisia, as some neighboring municipalities have refused to bury the bodies of victims of Mediterranean crossings in their cemeteries. The corpses of migrants from sub-Saharan Africa have been rotting in the university hospital in Gabès, after they drowned in the Mediterranean after their attempt to migrate to European coasts failed, on rickety boats. On Monday, Issam Al-Jabri, a deputy of the People's Parliament, confirmed that there are 54 corpses in Gabes, explaining that "some 22 corpses are still waiting to be buried, despite permission from the local authorities since mid-June." He also noted that municipalities have refused to bury the unidentified corpses in their graves. Local media have reported many cases of medical teams that are drowning in the Italian boat from Tunisia, where the city Despite strong currents in this region, which increases the likelihood of boats being exposed to capsizing and drowning incidents that claim the lives of their passengers, the latest tragic incident dates back to the night of August 12, when seven migrants, including women and children, were killed in the crash of two boats off the coast of Gabès and Sfax, while 13 people were reported missing and the bodies of migrants who died off the coast of Tunisia, since the signing of an agreement with the International Committee of the Red Cross in 2020. The city of Gabes also receives a number of the bodies of migrants who were swept away from the south-eastern coast. During the first seven months of this year, the Tunisian authorities found a total of 901 bodies of migrants on the Tunisian coast, according to the Minister of the Interior, Kamel Afouki, among these victims (26 Tunisian and 26 Tunisian. ") and 608 unidentified bodies."



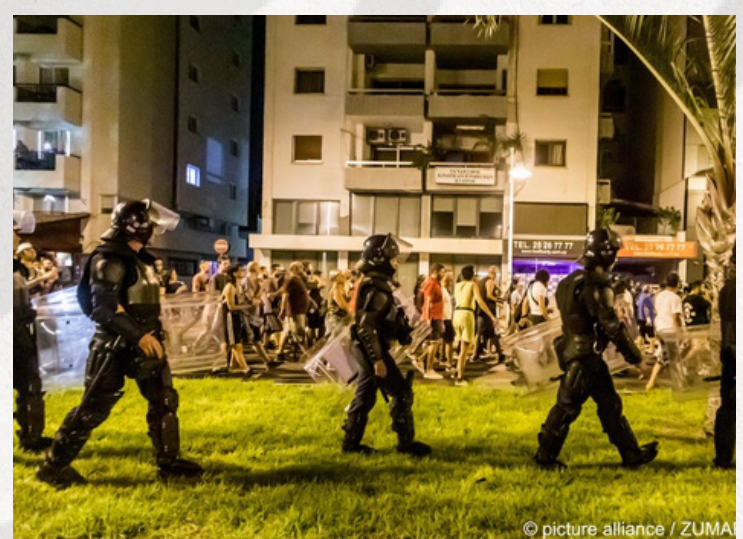
"NORTHERN FRANCE: AUTHORITIES INTERVENE TO END SCUFFLE BETWEEN 100 MIGRANTS"



On Monday, September 4, French authorities sent drones, a helicopter with a thermal camera, around 30 gendarmes and 15 police officers, in addition to several fire trucks, to the town of Beubling in northern France. About 100 immigrants from the Sudanese, Iraqi Kurds and Vietnamese clashed in this town, located a few kilometers from Calais in northern France. When the police arrived at the scene, some 50 people were still in the area. Olivier Delaine, the officer, who was a company commander in the area, explained to the local newspaper, "Le Château de la Châtre". He said that some of the incident was still taking place We arrived at the scene," and two people, a Sudanese and a Kurd in their 20s, were slightly injured in the fight and taken to Calais hospital. The cause of the fight is unknown at this stage of the investigation.

How did migrants' comment on the attacks on their shops in Cyprus?

Police in Cyprus have arrested more people for sabotage and violent racist attacks. Limassol witnessed successive assaults on foreigners, as well as vandalism at shops and shops owned by them. How did immigrants' comment on the attacks: Police arrested 20 people in Limassol, over their involvement in weekend riots, which led to vandalism of migrant-owned shops in the town and attacks on Asian drivers. Reuters news agency reported that the violence began on Friday evening (01 September) and continued into the early hours of Sunday morning. Similar acts of violence against migrants took place last weekend in the western Cyprus city of Cloracas, at which time 22 people were arrested on Friday night (1 September), and some Asian shoppers were vandalized Attackers and vandals wearing headscarves shouted abuse at "Syrians" and "blacks" and carried a banner reading "Refugees not welcome". Many foreigners in Cyprus shared videos and photos on social media of the weekend's vandalism, voicing dismay at the growing prevalence of racist ideas and acts targeting their security and safety.





MORE THAN 7 MILLION DISPLACED INSIDE SUDAN

The International Organization for Migration (IOM) announced Tuesday that nearly 7.1 million people have been internally displaced in Sudan, more than half of them newly displaced as a result of the conflict that began last April. The UN High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) said yesterday that it now expects 1.8 million people to flee Sudan by the end of the year. It also appealed for one billion dollars to help them, amid reports of rising rates of disease and death, according to Reuters. Many of the displaced are living in temporary camps without infrastructure, access to shelter, water, or food, according to the France. On Monday, half of the 48 million people in Sudan, including six million in Chad, are considered the most prominent in Chad. More than 400,000 people fled to Sudan, followed by Egypt (287,000) and South Sudan (248,000). According to UNHCR, the countries receiving the refugees - the Central African Republic, Chad, Egypt, Ethiopia and South Sudan - already hosted hundreds of thousands of displaced people before this crisis and are currently experiencing serious economic and security crises.



PRESIDENT AL-SISI: LEGAL MIGRATION CAN BE ORGANIZED FOR COUNTRIES WITH LOW BIRTH RATES

President Abdel Fattah Al Sisi stressed that the state is keen on planning for comprehensive health insurance in full, saying, "We are keen on building precautions and this was the whole idea. Each country works in policies and implementation mechanisms. Each country according to its capabilities and contingency plans or numbers like the health insurance system have precautions on the side President Abdel Fattah Al-Sisi stressed that the



state is keen on planning for comprehensive health insurance in full. "We are keen on building precautions, and this was the whole idea. Each country works in policies and implementation mechanisms. Each country according to its capabilities and contingency plans or numbers like the health insurance system have precautions on the side to counter any issues facing the system."

MOROCCO: THREE ARRESTED FOR PREPARING ILLEGAL IMMIGRATION



The Moroccan security authorities in Tan'an have arrested three persons for their involvement in organizing an illegal migration and human trafficking operation. Those involved were caught red-handed while preparing to organize an illegal migration operation. The search operation resulted in the discovery of a white weapon and a four-wheel-drive vehicle suspected of using them. The investigation of those involved in the operation found that two of them were wanted in connection with other similar cases related to organizing illegal migration and drug trafficking. They were kept in custody until the end of investigations under the supervision of the competent public prosecutor's office, in order to uncover all the circumstances of the case.

More than 90,000 African migrants arrive in Yemen in eight months

Local Press B news ... Yemen Youth Watch International Migration: More than 90,000 African migrants arrived in Yemen in eight months. The International Organization for Migration (IOM) announced that more than 90,000 African migrants arrived in Yemen during the first eight months of this year. In its report issued on Tuesday, IOM said that the matrix of international migration witnessed the arrival of more than 90,000 African immigrants to Yemen in eight months was a detail of international migration: More than 90,000 African immigrants arrived in Yemen in eight months. We hope that we have agreed to give you full details and information. The original article was published on a young right hand, verified by the editorial team in Press B. It may have been fully edited, quoted, and you can read and follow up on this basic news.

